HISTORIC HERITAGE

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This chapter has been prepared as part of Council's District Plan Review Project. It has been prepared in line with the National Planning Standards, with further amendments to be made in line with the Standards as part of the District Plan Review process.

Document status: Officer Recommendations Plan Change H(a): Historic Heritage – Wider Manawatū District Date: May 2023 Page Intentionally Left Blank

 The following text is subject to Plan Change H(a):

- Text that has strikethrough is proposed to be deleted as part of Plan Change H(a).
- Text that is <u>underlined</u> is proposed to be inserted as part of Plan Change H(a).
- Text that has grey shading is not subject to Plan Change H(a) as it has not yet been reviewed as part of the District Plan Review and will be subject to a future plan change.
- Text that has no changes highlighted (e.g. strikethrough, underlined, grey shading) was subject to Plan Change 46: Feilding Town Centre and is not subject to Plan Change H(a).
- Yellow highlighted text refers to amendments as a result of submissions or minor consequential amendments.

HISTORIC HERITAGE

Introduction

The purpose of this chapter is to identify those **buildings**, memorial<u>s</u>, objects, places and sites that are significant to the history of the Manawatū District and therefore warrant protection.

Historic heritage resources are a valuable and important part of the cultural values of the Manawatū District. Historic heritage creates a sense of place, encourages a sense of belonging and is a fundamental link between generations. Identification of significant historic heritage resources in the District Plan is required to ensure the protection of these resources and to ensure that historic heritage values are considered in the assessment of resource consent applications.

The Resource Management Act (1991) requires **Council** to recognise and provide for the protection of historic heritage as a matter of national importance under Section 69(f). The Horizons **Regional Council** 'One Plan' also sets policy direction for **Council**'s to develop and maintain a schedule of known historic heritage in their district.

The District Plan has a responsibility to recognise and provide for historic heritage as a matter of national importance. To achieve this, the District Plan must:

- o identify significant natural and built historic heritage, and
- o adopt suitable methods to secure the protection of the significant historic heritage.

This chapter is intended to be read in conjunction with the relevant zoning provisions and appendices and the District Plan maps. Significant historic heritage resources are identified in the appendices schedules attached to this chapter and on the relevant planning maps. The appendices schedules represent the information available at the time of the formation of the District Plan <u>historic heritage</u> chapter. Identification of historic heritage resources, in accordance with the policy guidance contained in this chapter, will be on-going and updated as new information becomes available.

The District Plan contains the following two historic heritage schedules:

- Schedule 4a Significant Historic Built Heritage Feilding Town Centre
- <u>Schedule 4b Significant Historic Built Heritage Wider Manawatū District</u>

The criteria for assessment of significant historic built heritage aligns with the approach recommended by Heritage New Zealand <u>Pouhere Taonga (HNZPT)</u>. These criteria are used to determine whether a building is included in the schedule<u>s</u> as a Category A or Category B building in the District Plan. All buildings included in the schedule<u>s</u> are identified on the relevant Planning Maps.

A heritage inventory of the buildings identified in <u>Schedule 4(a)</u>, is a reference document designed to accompany the District Plan. <u>Schedule 4(b) contains a summary of the heritage values identified for heritage items located in the wider Manawatū District, and an inventory of complete heritage reports relating to heritage items in the wider Manawatū District is available on request¹.</u>

Important Places

The Rangitīkei River estuary is regarded as a regionally important **wetland** and wildlife habitat, but is located just outside the District Plan's boundary (mean high water springs). Other important **wetlands** include the interdunal lakes, and the oxbow lakes which occupy former beds of the Manawatū and Ōroua Rivers. (Listed in Appendix 1A). The dune area to the south of Tangimoana Beach **Road** is of international importance due to the presence of an endangered sedge, and a nearby area is of regional importance as a habitat for the North Island fernbird.

Many of the District's rivers and streams have significant value for native and trout fisheries, and as trout and game bird breeding areas.

Much of the **indigenous forest** in the District already has reserve status and is administered by **Council** or DOC, including a substantial area in the Ruahine Forest Park. Other bush areas are subject to conservation covenants administered by **Council** or the QEII National Trust. The District Plan recognises these existing forms of protection. There are however some areas of **indigenous vegetation** which are ecologically significant, but which do not have any formal protection. The few scattered remnants of lowland native forest are particularly important. The tussock and mountain lands of the Ruahine, Ngāmoko and Whanahuia Ranges contain valuable and equally fragile ecosystems, which are managed within the Ruahine Forest Park.

Indigenous forest and habitats for indigenous wildlife can be affected by activities other than vegetation clearance and **wetland** drainage. Selective logging can have adverse impacts if too many mature trees (important nesting sites etc.) are removed from the forest ecosystem. Most of the District's remnants of native vegetation are small in area, which makes them vulnerable to "edge **effects**" such as salt and wind damage, drought, invasion by weeds and pests, and trampling by stock. Trees planted close to **wetland** remnants can alter their water tables. Sensitive wildlife may be affected by people living nearby, particularly in increased numbers. These **effects** all need to be recognised.

The **wetland**s, streams, and bush areas referred to above make a significant contribution to the quality of the landscape. The District's outstanding landscapes are identified in Chapter 4.3.3. Feilding has a number of large specimen trees which are part of the town's history. Large trees add considerably to the appearance and character of **urban area**s, and some of the trees which have heritage value are listed in the Plan (Appendix 1D).

¹ HNZPT submission (S03/7)

Feilding has a number of large specimen trees which are part of the town's history. Large trees add considerably to the appearance and character of urban areas, and some of the trees which have heritage value are listed in the Plan (Appendix 1D, Page 177). [PC H(b)]

Issues

The following resource management issues have been identified in relation to historic heritage:

- 1. The desire to retain significant historic built heritage and allow compatible adaptation and reuse of these buildings.
- 2. The potential demolition or removal of significant historic built heritage resulting in a loss of amenity and character.
- 3. The need to address public safety concerns through providing for the seismic strengthening of buildings with significant historic heritage values.
- 4. The need to provide for additions and alterations to significant historic built heritage that is
- compatible with and does not detract from or remove the heritage values for which the building is significant.
- 5. The need to ensure signage is complementary to and does not detract from the heritage values for which the building is significant.

Objectives

HH-01

To protect significant historic built heritage that represents the history of the Manawatū District, from inappropriate subdivision, use and development.

HH-O2

To ensure special recognition for natural features and places valued by the Tangata Whenua, and to make provision for protection, preservation or use of such places, in consultation with the groups concerned. (Refer also: Objective LU 4 (4.2)).

HH-O3

To promote greater public awareness of heritage places.

HH-04

To promote greater public access to heritage places, as long as that access does not compromise the value of those places. (Refer also: Objectives EM 1 and 2 (6.2)).

HH-O5

To promote the sustainable management of those areas of **indigenous vegetation** and habitats which have not been identified as significant. (Refer also: Objective S 11 (5.3.11)).

Policies

HH-P1

To identify the significant historic built heritage in the Manawatū District of significant historic heritage value according to the following values:

Physical Values

- a. *Archaeological information:* contributes information about the human history of the District.
- b. *Architecture:* is significant because of its design, form, scale, materials, style, ornamentation, period, craftsmanship or other architectural element.
- c. *Technology and Engineering:* demonstrates innovative or important methods of construction or design, contains unusual construction materials, is an early example of the use of a particular construction technique or has the potential to contribute information about technological or engineering history.
- d. Scientific: provides scientific information about the history of the district/region.
- e. *Rarity:* the built heritage has features within it that are unique, unusual, uncommon or rare at a district, regional or national level or in relation to particular historical themes.
- f. *Representativeness:* is a good example of its class in terms of design, type, features, use, technology or time period.
- g. *Authenticity:* has attributes of cultural heritage (including form and design, materials and substance, use and function, traditions and techniques, location and setting, and spirit and feeling) that credibly and accurately bear witness to their significance.
- h. *Vulnerability:* is vulnerable to deterioration or destruction or is threatened by land use activities.
- i. *Context or Group:* the built heritage is part of a group, a landscape, a townscape or setting which when considered as a whole amplify the heritage values of the built heritage and group/ landscape or extend its significance.

Historic Values

- j. *People:* is associated with the life or works of a well-known or important individual, group or organisation.
- k. Events: is associated with an important event in local, regional or national history.
- I. *Patterns:* is associated with important aspects, processes, themes or patterns of local, regional or national history.

Cultural Values

- m. *Identity:* has a focus of community, district, regional or national identity or sense of place, has social value and provides evidence of cultural or historical continuity.
- n. *Public esteem*: is held in high public esteem for its heritage or aesthetic values or as a focus of spiritual, political, national or other cultural sentiment.
- o. *Commemorative*: has symbolic or commemorative significance to people who use or have used it, or to the descendants of such people, as a result of its special interest, character, landmark, amenity or visual appeal.
- p. *Education*: contributes, through public education, to people's awareness, understanding and appreciation of New Zealand's history and cultures.
- q. *Tangata whenua*: is important to tangata whenua for traditional, spiritual, cultural or historical reasons.
- r. *Statutory recognition*: has statutory acknowledgement including: <u>being included in the New Zealand Heritage List / Rārangi Kōrero under the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014</u>, has statutory acknowledgement under claim settlement legislation, or is *it* recognised by special legislation.

HH-P2

To schedule significant historic built heritage according to their heritage value(s) into one of the following categories:

- a. Category A significant historic built heritage with values of national significance
- b. Category B significant historic built heritage with values of regional or local significance

HH-P3

To encourage the continued use and modification for reuse of significant historic built heritage where the historic heritage values are retained.

HH-P4

To encourage the seismic strengthening of significant historic built heritage that maintains the building's significant heritage values.

HH-P5

To avoid, where possible, the demolition of significant historic built heritage.

HH-P6

To encourage the retention of building façades where demolition or substantial alteration of a building with significant historic heritage values is proposed.

HH-P7

To balance the protection of significant historic heritage values with other resource management issues and public safety concerns and in making an assessment under this policy to have regard to, without limitation:

a. Market conditions affecting the feasibility of adaptive reuse;

b. The economics of a range of reasonably practicable options;

c. The contribution that any replacement building might make to the vitality and vibrancy of the Feilding Town Centre.

HH-P8

To ensure that external additions and alterations to significant historic built heritage are of a form, mass, scale, proportion and colour and use materials that are compatible with the original built heritage and do not detract from, compete with or dominate the heritage values for which the heritage item is significant.

HH-P9

To ensure that any signage located on significant historic built heritage is of a size, location, colour and style that is compatible with the character of the heritage item and does not detract from, compete with or dominate the heritage values for which the heritage item is significant.

<u>HH-P10</u>

To enable external alterations to, or the removal of² non-contributing parts of heritage buildings listed in Schedule 4b where the changes do not impact negatively on the heritage values of the item listed in Schedule 4b.

<u>HH-P11</u>

² Submission by HNZPT (S03/2) and (S03/05)

To restrict the relocation of a heritage item in Schedule 4b except where it can be demonstrated that:

To only allow relocation of heritage items listed in Schedule 4b where it can be demonstrated that:

- a. <u>The work relocation</u> is necessary to save the heritage item and protect the heritage values from the threat of, or damage from imminent danger to natural hazards; or
- b. <u>The work-relocation</u> will protect the heritage values and significance of the heritage item identified in Schedule 4b, and
- c. In the case of relocation to another site, alternatives to relocation have been explored and relocation is considered a comprehensive alternatives assessment has been completed by a suitably qualified heritage expert and relocation is demonstrated to be the only practicable option. to be a reasonable option to avoid demolition.³

Explanation

lan Bowman, architectural conservator, has compiled the schedule of buildings with significant built heritage value, in the Feilding town centre, at Appendix 4A. <u>The District Plan contains the following</u> two historic heritage schedules:

- <u>Schedule 4a Significant Historic Built Heritage Feilding Town Centre</u>
- <u>Schedule 4b Significant Historic Built Heritage Wider Manawatū District</u>

The criteria for assessment of significant historic built heritage aligns with the approach recommended by Heritage New Zealand <u>Pouhere Taonga (HNZPT)</u>. These criteria are used to determine whether a building is included in the schedule<u>s</u> as a Category A or Category B building in the District Plan. All buildings included in the schedule<u>s</u> are identified on the relevant Planning Maps.

A heritage inventory of the buildings identified in the schedule <u>Schedule 4(a)</u>, is a reference document designed to accompany the District Plan. <u>Schedule 4(b) contains a summary of the heritage values</u> identified for heritage items located in the wider Manawatū District, and an inventory of complete heritage reports relating to heritage items in the wider Manawatū District is available on request.⁴

HH-P12

To ensure that those natural areas and ecosystems which are important parts of the District's environment are protected and enhanced.

Policy 2.2

To protect listed notable trees in such a way that their significance as a heritage resource and the values for which they were listed are not permanently diminished or damaged. [PC H(b)]

HH-P13

To expand the level of information which is currently available and the level of knowledge which people have about heritage places.

HH-P14

To help preserve and improve public access to the Ruahine Forest Park and other appropriate heritage places.

³ Submission by SM and JM O'Brien Family Trust (S01/1)

⁴ HNZPT submission (S03/7)

HH-P15

To encourage the retention and voluntary protection of areas of indigenous vegetation and habitats other than those listed as significant.

Explanation

Section 31 of the Act charges the District Plan with controlling any actual or potential effects of the use, development or protection of land. Such effects include potential damage to heritage values. All of the matters of national importance in Section 6, and most of the matters to which Council "shall have particular regard" under Section 7 also concern natural and heritage values. (Refer Page 1).

There are many agencies or parties which are already involved in identifying and trying to protecting heritage places. They include the QE II National Trust, the NZ Historic Places Trust <u>HNZPT</u>, the Department of Conservation, the Māori Heritage Council, the NZ Archaeological Association, the Geological Geoscience Society of NZ, Historical Societies, local community and heritage groups, and Mainstreet Programmes, and land/building owners. The methods which they use include education, voluntary agreements, covenants with landowners, a variety of different statutes, and land ownership and purchase.

Under the Act, councils, Ministers of the Crown, and Heritage New Zealand <u>HNZPT</u> are "heritage protection authorities." Any other body approved by the Minister for the Environment can also become one. These authorities can require Council to include "heritage orders" for specific places in the District Plan, in a similar way to public works designations. They are subject to the same public objection and appeal process as designations. Heritage orders contain specific conditions relating to the use or modification of the place concerned. These conditions could vary from not permitting any change at all, to requiring merely that the protection authority is advised prior to demolition of a building.

The actions of existing agencies will go some way toward meeting the Act's objectives for heritage places. Council will support these agencies where appropriate, as well as being directly involved in activities which complement their work.

This <u>District</u> Plan provides an avenue and process for possible legal protection. Council may initiate heritage orders for some specific places, but the main instrument for protection will be District <u>Plan</u> rules. Adequate protection for archaeological sites is already provided by the authority process which applies under the Historic Places Act 1993. This process is administered by Heritage New Zealand. Recorded archaeological sites within the District are identified in Appendix 1F primarily for public information. All applications for resource consent will however need to consider any impacts on heritage places, including archaeological sites.

Each heritage place on the <u>District</u> Plan's list has been identified as being Category A, B or C A or B (Refer: Schedules 4a and 4b). (Refer: Appendices 1A to 1F). Category A confers the highest level of protection, since destroying these places is a non-complying activity. Some modification is allowed, but Council may impose conditions on the manner in which it is done.

For Category B places, Council's consent is required before modification or demolition, and this consent may be granted or refused.

Category C places can be modified "as of right" but advance notice must be given to the Council in the case of building alterations or demolition. This notice is to allow time for the place to be photographed and recorded, and/or for alternative provision to be made for it.

Decisions on which natural areas to list as A, B or C were based on the Department of Conservation's Recommended Areas for Protection (RAP) survey and consultation with statutory bodies, local communities and the general public. RAP's are the best representative areas of indigenous vegetation found in an ecological district, but RAP status is not a cut-off point for significance. Many other areas in a district are also significant, for a variety of reasons. They may for instance have wildlife habitat

values; be reservoirs of biodiversity at the ecosystem, population, species and genetic levels; have landscape values; or soil and water quality values.

As noted above, clearance of certain amounts of certain types of indigenous vegetation will require resource consent, so that the value of that habitat can be assessed. The significance criteria in Appendix 1I will be used for this purpose. If an area is deemed significant, it does not automatically imply that activities are unable to take place, but rather that Council is required to exercise its statutory obligations and may place controls on an activity in order to ensure that adverse effects are avoided, remedied or mitigated. The Plan's rules permit activities with only minor adverse effects. For example, the clearance of young manuka scrub or small areas of indigenous forest and wetland are permitted activities.

A setback distance of 50 metres between plantation forestry in the coastal area and the significant wetlands listed in Appendix 1A is also proposed. The reason for this is that adjacent tree plantations can have an adverse effect on the ecology of such wetlands due to impacts such as lowering the local water table.

Rules

1. Rules in this chapter apply District-wide and the chapter needs to be read in conjunction with the District Plan maps, relevant appendices and provisions of the applicable zone to determine if an activity involves the use or modification of historic heritage resources.

Guidance Note:

- <u>Demolition of any heritage item listed in Schedule 4b which pre-dates 1900 requires an</u> <u>Archaeological Authority under the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act (2014). It is an</u> <u>offence to modify or destroy an archaeological site or destroy an archaeological site or demolish/</u> <u>destroy a whole building if the person knows or reasonably suspects it to be an archaeological</u> <u>site. An archaeological site is any place, including any building or structure (or part of), that:</u>
 - was associated with human activity or the site of a wreck of a vessel that occurred before <u>1900; and</u>
 - provides or may provide, through archaeological investigation, evidence relating to the history of New Zealand.⁵

Permitted Activities

The following are permitted activities in all zones provided that they comply with the standards in Rule 4.4.2 below:

HH-R1 Management of the water level of areas listed in Appendix 1A (Wetlands etc.) if approved by the Regional Council. MWRC
HH-R2 Any activities in respect of a place listed in Appendices 1A, 1B or 1C (Wetlands etc., Significant Indigenous Forest/Vegetation and Outstanding Natural Features) which are consistent with a legal covenant applying to that place. [PC65]
HH-R3 Animal pest and plant pest control, provision of walking tracks or supplementary planting of native species, within places listed in Appendices 1A and 1B or 1C provided that any such work in Category A places is under Council supervision. MWRC [PC65]

Rule 4.4.1 iv) Pruning and removing branches from the trees listed in Appendix 1D, provided that the pruning is under Council supervision. [PC H(b)].

⁵ Submission by Historic Places Manawatu-Horowhenua (S05/3)

HH-R4	Maintenance, and minor repair of any significant historic built heritage.	
HH-R5	Partial or complete demolition of any significant historic built heritage where the work is necessary to make the site safe after an accidental fire, flooding or earthquake event.	
HH-R6	Additions and alterations to the interior of any significant historic built heritage in <u>Schedules 4a and 4b</u> .	
HH-R7	Seismic strengthening of any significant historic built heritage.	
HH-R8	The construction of new buildings and additions and alterations to existing buildings at the Feilding Saleyards located at ALL DP 3797 ALL DP 6178 LOTS 145 152 153 154 PT LOT 146 DP 19.	
HH-R9	Minor external alterations to heritage items in Schedule 4b that are associated with:	
	i) <u>Security alarms</u>	
	ii) <u>Security lighting</u>	
	iii) Any attachment that is not visible from a road or public space, excluding signage	
HH-R10	Signage located on significant historic built heritage identified in Schedule 4(b).	
HH-R11	External alterations to, or the removal of ⁶ non-contributing parts of a heritage building listed in Schedule 4b.	
HH-R12	Maintenance and burial activities and provision of ancillary facilities such as parking areas, within the cemeteries listed in Appendix 1F.	
HH-R13	Modification or destruction of the archaeological sites listed in Appendix 1F. (NB:	

HH-R13 Modification or destruction of the archaeological sites listed in Appendix 1F. (NB: Authority from the NZ Historic Places Trust is required for this activity).

Restricted Discretionary Activities

HH-R14:External additions and alterations to significant historic built heritage in Schedule4b

Activity Status: Restricted Discretionary

Where:

- 1. <u>Minor external alterations that do not meet HH-R9 for Category A and B items in</u> <u>Schedule 4b</u>
- 2. External alterations and additions to any Category B significant historic built heritage listed in Schedule 4b

The matters of discretion are restricted to:

HH-MD 1How the works retain existing heritage values of the heritage itemlisted in Schedule 4bHH-MD 2Reversibility of the works

⁶ Consequential change from submission by HNZPT (S03/14)

In addition to the above matters of discretion, the following additional matter of discretion is relevant to HH-R14(2):

HH-MD 3	Any opportunities to enhance the heritage values of the heritage
	<u>item.</u>

HH-R15Relocation on the same site, of any Category B heritage item listed in Schedule4(b).

For Rule 15, the matters of discretion are restricted to:

- HH-MD 1Whether the relocation is necessary due to threats to the heritage
item from natural hazards.
- HH-MD 2 Opportunity to enhance the heritage values of the heritage item.
 - HH-MD 3Measures to minimise the risk of damage to the historic heritage
item listed in Schedule 4(b).

HH-R16 Where compliance is not achieved with:

- 1. <u>HH-S1, HH-S3 and HH-S6 for heritage items listed as Category B in Schedule 4(b)</u>, <u>or</u>
- 2. <u>HH-S1 or HH-S6 for significant historic built heritage items listed as Category A in</u> <u>Schedule 4(b)</u>.

For Rule 16, the matter of discretion is restricted to:

HH-MD 1Degree of non-compliance with the particular performance standards that
the proposed works fails to meet in relation to the relevant heritage values
listed in Schedule 4b.

Discretionary Activities

The following shall be discretionary activities in all zones:

HH-R17 Clearing, spraying, felling or burning vegetation (except plant pests) in Category A or B places listed in Appendix 1A (Wetlands etc).MWRC **HH-R18** Drainage, reclamation or excavation of Category B places listed in Appendix 1A. This rule shall not apply to water level management permitted by Rule A2.3.1 a. i). MWRC HH-R19 Constructing permanent structures for birdwatching etc within Category A or B places listed in Appendix 1A. HH-R20 Clearing, spraying, felling, burning or otherwise damaging areas listed as Category B in Appendices 1B, or 1C. (Significant Indigenous Forest/Vegetation, and Outstanding Natural Features). MWRC [PC65] **HH-R21** Extracting dead or damaged trees within areas listed as Category A in Appendix 1B (Significant Indigenous Forest/Vegetation).

- HH-R22 Selectively felling trees within areas listed as Category B in Appendix 1B, provided that the sustainable management provisions of the Forests Act 1949 are met.
- HH-R23 Allowing domestic animals to graze areas listed as Category B in Appendix 1B. viii. Felling, damaging or cutting branches or roots of trees listed in Appendix 1D (other than pruning permitted by Rule A2.3.1 a. iv)).

Rule 4.4.3 viii. Felling, damaging or cutting branches or roots of trees listed in Appendix 1d (other than pruning permitted by Rule A2 2.3.1 A) iv)). [PC H(b)]

- **HH-R24** External additions and alterations to any Category B significant historic built heritage listed in Schedule 4(a).
- HH-R25 Rule 4.4.3 x. Any activity, specified in 4.4.1 above, that does not comply with one or more of the standards in Rules 4.4.2 a-d Any activity for significant historic built heritage listed in Schedule 4a that does not comply with HH-S1, HH-S2, HH-S3, HH-S4.
- HH-R26 Partial or complete demolition of any Category B significant historic built heritage.
- HH-R27Relocation on the same site, of any Category A or B significant historic built heritage listed
in Schedule 4a and Category A heritage item listed in Schedule 4b.
- HH-R28 Relocation to another site, of any Category B significant historic built heritage.
- **HH-R29** Seismic strengthening that does not meet the performance standards for a permitted activity listed in Schedule 4a, and Category A items in Schedule 4b.
- HH-R30 Any activity not provided for in relation to Category B heritage items in Schedule 4b.

Assessment of Discretionary Activities

HH-R31

In determining whether to grant a resource consent and what conditions to impose, the Council will, in addition to the objectives and policies of Chapter 4 – Historic Heritage, assess any application for buildings listed in Schedule 4(a) in terms of the following assessment criteria:

- a. Whether the application demonstrates compliance with any relevant design guidelines.
- b. Whether the application will result in any adverse effects on streetscape character.

Non-Complying Activities

The following shall be non-complying activities in all zones:

HH-R32
Drainage, reclamation or excavation of Category A places listed in Appendix 1A (Wetlands etc). This rule shall not apply to water level management permitted by Rule A2.3.1 a. (i). MWRC
HH-R33
Clearing, spraying, felling, burning or otherwise damaging, including by stock damage, any areas listed as Category A in Appendices 1B, or 1C, (Significant Indigenous Forest/Vegetation, and Outstanding Natural Features). MWRC [PC65]
HH-R34
Partial or complete demolition of Category A significant historic built heritage.
HH-R35
Relocation of any Category A significant historic built heritage.
HH-R36

HH-R37 Any activity that is not specifically provided for as a permitted, restricted discretionary, or discretionary activity is a non-complying activity.

HH-R38 Disturbance of graves or grave markers in the cemeteries listed in Appendix 1F.

Standards

For all zones, the permitted activities specified above must comply with the following standards:

HH-S1 Maintenance and minor repair

Any maintenance and minor repair must be undertaken using original replacement material. Where original replacement material is not available, the replacement must be of the same or similar material, colour, texture, form and design as the original.

HH-S2 Demolition

The partial or complete demolition of any significant historic built heritage <u>in Schedule 4a</u>, to make a site safe after an accidental fire, flooding or earthquake event must appropriately mitigate the effects of vacant land in accordance with the underlying zoning rules.

Guidance Note for significant historic built heritage listed in Schedule 4b:

i. Where it is safe to do so, the Council encourages the taking of photographs of the heritage item that is subject to partial or complete demolition and to submit this photographic record to the Council. The purpose of the photographic record is to provide a record of the historic heritage values that were important to the Manawatū District.

HH-S3 Seismic Strengthening

Seismic strengthening is a permitted activity only where the strengthening work does not:

- i. Result in structural alterations to the external appearance of the building
- ii. Result in any existing openings (doors and/or windows) being obstructed

HH-S4 Feilding Saleyards

External additions and alterations and new buildings constructed at the Feilding Saleyards must comply with the development standard for the underlying Outer Business Zone in Clause 10.4.7.

HH-S5 Signage on significant historic built heritage contained in Schedule 4(b)

Compliance with Rules 3E.4.1 and 3E.4.2.

HH-S6 External Alterations to Non-Contributing Parts of Heritage Buildings in Schedule 4b must comply with the following standard:

 External alterations to non-contributing parts of a heritage building listed in Schedule 4b must not result in any change increase⁷ to the height and footprint of the noncontributing part of the building.

Hile Recomments

⁷ NZDF submission (S04/7)

Schedule 4a – Significant Historic Built Heritage – Feilding Town Centre ...

Insert:

<u>Schedule 4b – Significant Historic Built Heritage – Wider Manawatū District</u>

officer Recommendation